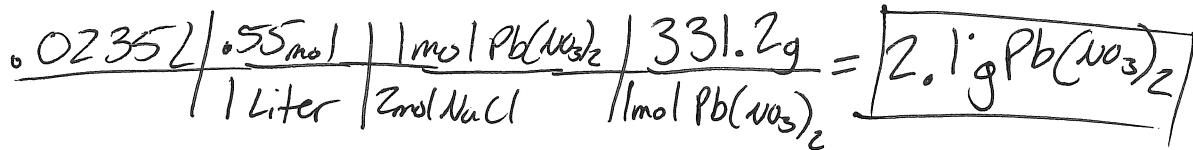


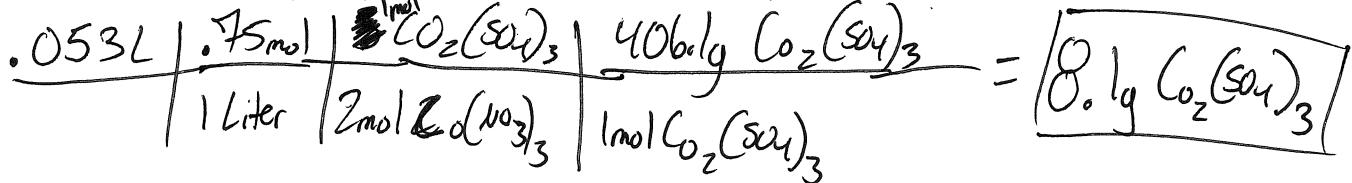
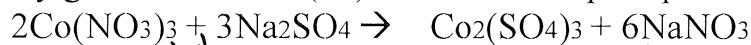
KEY

Worksheet: Solution Stoichiometry

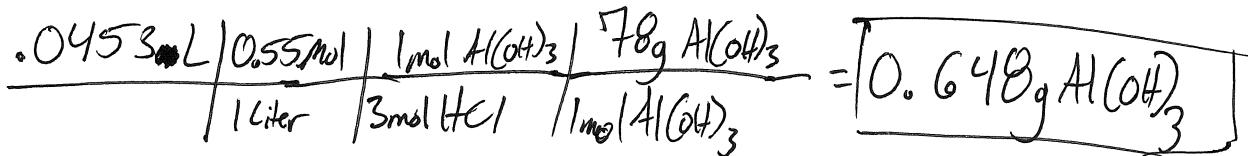
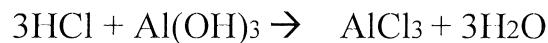
1. How many grams of lead (II) nitrate are needed to fully react 23.5 mL of 0.55 M sodium chloride in the precipitation of lead (II) chloride?



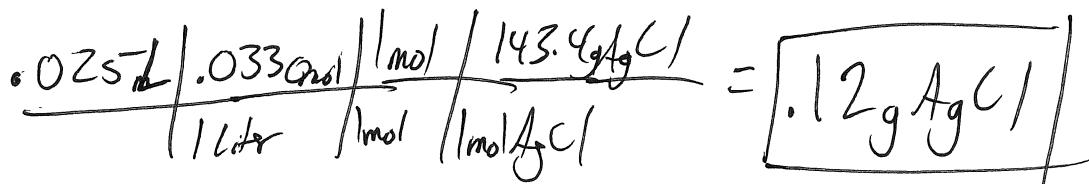
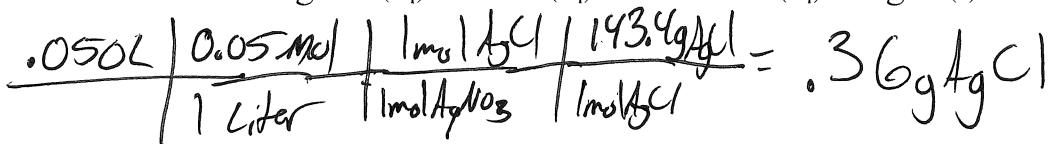
2. When 53 mL of 0.75 M cobalt (III) nitrate are added to a sodium sulfate solution, how many grams of cobalt (III) sulfate can be precipitated?



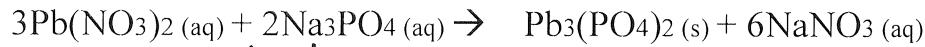
3. How many grams of aluminum hydroxide will be neutralized by 45.3 mL of 0.55 M HCl?



4. What mass of AgCl will precipitate when .050 L of a 0.0500 M solution of AgNO₃ reacts with 25.0 mL of 0.0330 M NaCl?



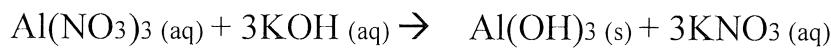
5. 50.0 mL of 0.100 M Na_3PO_4 is mixed with 150.0 mL of 0.250 M $\text{Pb}(\text{NO}_3)_2$ to produce a solid precipitate of lead (II) phosphate. What mass of this precipitate will be produced?



$$\frac{.050\text{L}}{1\text{liter}} \left| \begin{array}{l} .1\text{mol} \\ | \\ 2\text{mol} \end{array} \right| \left| \begin{array}{l} 1\text{mol} \\ | \\ 1\text{mol} \end{array} \right| \frac{811.6\text{g}}{1\text{mol}} = \boxed{2.03\text{g Pb}_3(\text{PO}_4)_2}$$

$$\frac{.150\text{L}}{1\text{liter}} \left| \begin{array}{l} .250\text{mol} \\ | \\ 3\text{mol} \end{array} \right| \left| \begin{array}{l} 1\text{mol} \\ | \\ 1\text{mol} \end{array} \right| \frac{811.6\text{g}}{1\text{mol}} = 10.1\text{g}$$

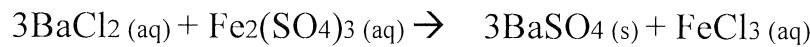
6. What mass of solid aluminum hydroxide is produced when 50.0 mL of 0.200 M $\text{Al}(\text{NO}_3)_3$ is added to 200.0 mL of 0.100 M KOH?



$$\frac{.050\text{L}}{1\text{liter}} \left| \begin{array}{l} .200\text{mol} \\ | \\ 1\text{mol} \end{array} \right| \left| \begin{array}{l} 1\text{mol} \\ | \\ 1\text{mol} \end{array} \right| \frac{84\text{g}}{1\text{mol}} = \cancel{0.84\text{g}}$$

$$\frac{.200\text{L}}{1\text{liter}} \left| \begin{array}{l} .100\text{mol} \\ | \\ 3\text{mol} \end{array} \right| \left| \begin{array}{l} 1\text{mol} \\ | \\ 1\text{mol} \end{array} \right| \frac{84\text{g}}{1\text{mol}} = \boxed{0.56\text{g Al(OH)}_3}$$

7. What mass of barium sulfate is produced when 100.0 mL of a 0.100 M solution of barium chloride is mixed with 100.0 mL of a 0.100 M solution of iron (III) sulfate?



$$\frac{.100\text{L}}{1\text{liter}} \left| \begin{array}{l} .100\text{mol} \\ | \\ 3\text{mol} \end{array} \right| \left| \begin{array}{l} 3\text{mol} \\ | \\ 1\text{mol} \end{array} \right| \frac{233.4\text{g}}{1\text{mol}} = \boxed{2.33\text{g BaSO}_4}$$

$$\frac{.100\text{L}}{1\text{liter}} \left| \begin{array}{l} .100\text{mol} \\ | \\ 1\text{mol} \end{array} \right| \left| \begin{array}{l} 3\text{mol} \\ | \\ 1\text{mol} \end{array} \right| \frac{233.4\text{g}}{1\text{mol}} = 6.99\text{g}$$

8. How many grams of silver chloride can be prepared by the reaction of 100.0 mL of 0.20 M silver nitrate with 100.0 mL of 0.15 M calcium chloride?



$$\frac{.100\text{L}}{1\text{liter}} \left| \begin{array}{l} .20\text{mol} \\ | \\ 2\text{mol} \end{array} \right| \left| \begin{array}{l} 1\text{mol} \\ | \\ 1\text{mol} \end{array} \right| \frac{143.4\text{g}}{1\text{mol}} = \cancel{2.9\text{g AgCl}}$$

$$\frac{.100\text{L}}{1\text{liter}} \left| \begin{array}{l} .15\text{mol} \\ | \\ 1\text{mol} \end{array} \right| \left| \begin{array}{l} 2\text{mol} \\ | \\ 1\text{mol} \end{array} \right| \frac{143.4\text{g}}{1\text{mol}} = 4.3\text{g}$$